

**APPLICATION
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TITLE: HUB AND METHOD FOR STORAGE OF A SPIGOT CAP

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HUB AND METHOD FOR STORAGE OF A SPIGOT CAP

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

5 The invention relates to the storage of caps used to close off the outlet of water spigots and the like. More specifically, it relates to a storage hub for use in proximity to a spigot for storing such a cap when not in use.

DISCUSSION OF THE PRIOR ART

 Spigots or faucets (the two terms are used interchangeably herein) are common
10 fixtures in most residences as well as commercial and industrial establishments. These faucets typically include a body connected to a source of liquid such as water, a valve within the body, a valve handle to turn the spigot on or off and to control the rate of flow, and an outlet. Most outlets, particularly those used on the exterior of residences are provided with male threads so that they can be attached to garden hoses and the like.

15 Leaky faucets are a perpetual problem for homeowners and others. Slow drips and leaks, due to a failure to completely shut off the flow of liquid, and the normal wearing out of washers commonly used in the valve of the spigots, result in the dissipation and waste of the liquid and the attendant costs associated therewith. One temporary solution is to thread a cap onto the threaded end of the spigot to contain further
20 leakage. Also, the valve handle can be inadvertently turned on, possibly with disastrous results. During the use of the spigot, the cap must of necessity be removed from the outlet. However, once it is removed, there is an increased likelihood that the cap will become lost, damaged or misplaced.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of the present invention to provide a convenient and easy to use storage hub for an outlet cap. Another object is the provision of a very inexpensive and effective means for minimizing the possibility of losing such a cap once it is removed
5 from the outlet of the spigot.

These and other objects and advantages which will be readily appreciated are achieved in the manner to be hereinafter described in detail.

The present invention relates to a hub used to store a spigot cap. The hub comprises a generally U-shaped body having a base and a generally cylindrical wall
10 provided with external threads. The hub includes means for securing the hub to a surface in proximity to a spigot. The body of the hub typically is made of a moldable or machineable polymeric or elastomeric material with the threads molded into the outer surface of the cylindrical wall. The body can also be made from a suitable metal with the threads cast or machined into the external surface to receive the outlet cap.

15 In one embodiment the base includes an axially extending hole for securing the hub to a mounting surface using a suitable fastener. The hole may be internally threaded for engaging a threaded stub at the end of the valve stem. In another embodiment, the hole is not threaded, but instead receives a bolt through the body of the hub for threadedly engaging a valve stem whereby the hub is secured to the handle of a spigot. If
20 the hub is to be mounted onto a surface such as a wall next to the spigot, a screw, nail or rivet can be used to secure it in place. Another option is for an axially extending threaded fastener to be molded or embedded in the external surface of the hub base. The hub may then be screwed into a structural surface in proximity to the spigot. Alternatively, the stub

can be threaded into a tapped hole in the top of the valve stem. Other alternatives are to magnetically secure the hub onto the top of the metal valve stem and handle, or to use an adhesive such as an epoxy or a methacrylate to anchor the hub to the valve handle or to the surface of an adjoining structure such as the side of a house or other building.

5 The invention also relates to a spigot for discharge of a fluid, the spigot including a handle, a valve stem and an outlet equipped with a cap. The spigot also includes a hub that serves to store a spigot cap. The hub comprises a generally U-shaped body having a base, a generally cylindrical wall with external threads to receive the spigot cap, and a fastener for securing the hub to a surface of the spigot. The hub may be secured to the
10 spigot handle or the valve stem using an attaching means such as an adhesive, a threaded valve stem, or a magnet attracted to a ferromagnetic material embedded in the plastic body of the hub, or to the hub itself if the hub is made from a magnetically attractable metal. The body of the hub can be made of a moldable or machineable polymeric or elastomeric material with the cap-receiving threads disposed along the external surface of
15 the cylindrical wall. The fastener can be a threaded fastener embedded in the base of the polymeric hub. A further alternative is for the hub and the valve handle to be molded, cast or machined from a singular piece of polymer, elastomer or metal to form a unitary part.

 The invention further relates to a method of safeguarding a spigot cap provided
20 with female threads, when the cap is removed from the threaded end of a spigot. The method comprises: a) providing a storage hub for the cap, said hub having male threads corresponding to the female threads on the cap; b) mounting the storage hub within easy reach of the spigot; and c) threading the cap onto the hub when the cap is not in use.

The storage hub can be mounted onto the stem of the valve or the valve handle.

Alternatively, the storage hub may be mounted onto a wall of a structure in proximity to the spigot.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

5 Figure 1 is an elevational view of the storage hub of the present invention;
partially cross-sectioned;

Figure 2a is an elevational view, partially in cross section, of a wall mounted spigot showing an outlet cap in use;

10 Figure 2b is another elevational view, partially in cross-section, of the spigot with
the outlet cap being stored;

Figure 3a is an enlarged view, partially in cross section showing a hub attached to the valve stem;

Figure 3b is another enlarged view, showing an alternative means for securing the hub to the valve stem;

15 Figure 4 is an elevational view of a hub with a molded-in threaded fastener;

Figure 5a is a front elevational view of a spigot, and a wall mounted storage hub;
and

Figure 5b is an elevational view, partially cross sectioned, showing a wall mounted hub shown in figure 5a.

20 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention can be more easily understood by referring to the drawings that are included herewith. **Figure 1** is a view of the storage hub **32** in cross section. The hub comprises a generally cylindrical wall **38** and a base **34**. The wall **38** is provided

with external threads **44** adapted to receive the outlet cap (not shown). The base **34** optionally includes a cylindrical cut-away portion **46** that allows the base to fit within the rim of a valve handle. The external cylindrical surface between the cut away **46** and the threads **44** can be knurled or ribbed to permit the hub to be firmly grasped with the
5 fingers. As shown, the hub is hollow, and is provided with a threaded hole **48** extending through the base **34** for purposes of securing the hub to the handle or the valve stem.

Turning now to **Figures 2a** and **2b**, there is shown a spigot **10** joined to a pipe **24** extending through a flange **16** and through the wall **18** of a structure such as a house (not shown). The pipe **24** in turn connects to a source of liquid, such as water, under pressure.
10 The spigot includes a body **26**, a valve stem **40** extending into the body, and a threaded nut **22** to hold the valve in place and to prevent leakage between the body and the valve stem. The spigot has a discharge outlet **14**, typically provided with external threads **15** for attachment to a hose or other device to transport the liquid to a desired location. The spigot typically is cast from bronze or brass and has all of the standard features including
15 a valve handle **12** that are well known in the plumbing field.

Shown threaded on to the outlet **14** in **Figure 2a** is a cap **30** for preventing leakage from the spigot. A storage hub **32** is shown in **Figure 2a** mounted on the valve stem **40** on top of the handle **12**. **Figure 2b** shows the cap **30** mounted on the hub **32** for storage when not in use.

20 Two of the attachment options are shown in **Figures 3a** and **3b**. In **Figure 3a**, the valve stem **40** extends into the body **10** of the spigot and is secured thereto by the nut **22**. The valve stem includes a threaded stub **36** that receives a handle **12**. The base **34** of a hub **32** includes a threaded hole **48** that is threaded on to the stub **36** until the hub is

secured against the central portion of the handle 12. In **Figure 3b**, the valve body 10, the valve stem 40, the handle 12, and the lock nut 22 are as shown in **Figure 3a**.

However, the storage hub 32 is secured to the handle 12 by a bolt 42 threaded through the base 34 of the hub and into a tapped hole in the valve stem 40.

5 **Figure 4** provides another option for attaching the hub 32 to the handle or to the stem of the valve. The hub comprises a generally cylindrical wall 38 and a base 34. The wall 38 is provided with external threads 44 adapted to receive the outlet cap (not shown). The base 34 optionally includes a cylindrical cut-away portion 46 that allows the base to fit within the rim of a valve handle. As shown, the hub is provided with a
10 threaded stub 36 extending axially downward from the base 34 for purposes of threading the hub into the handle or the valve stem. The stub may be molded as a metal insert into the body of the hub. Alternatively, the stub can be molded or machined as an integral part of the hub.

Turning now to **Figure 5**, an alternative embodiment is shown for the temporary
15 storage of the cap. In **Figure 5a** the spigot 10 extends through wall flange 16 into the wall 18 and is connected to a source (not shown) of liquid. A conventional handle 12 is used as before to turn the flow of liquid on and off. Mounted to the wall 18 of the house or other structure is a hub 32, as previously described. The wall mounting can be achieved by the use of a screw 50 or a suitable adhesive, a bolt, nail or other suitable
20 fastener.

Figure 5b is a view of another storage hub 32 partially in cross section. The hub has a generally cylindrical wall 38 and a base 34. The wall 38 contains external threads 44 adapted to receive the outlet cap (not shown). As previously mentioned, the base 34